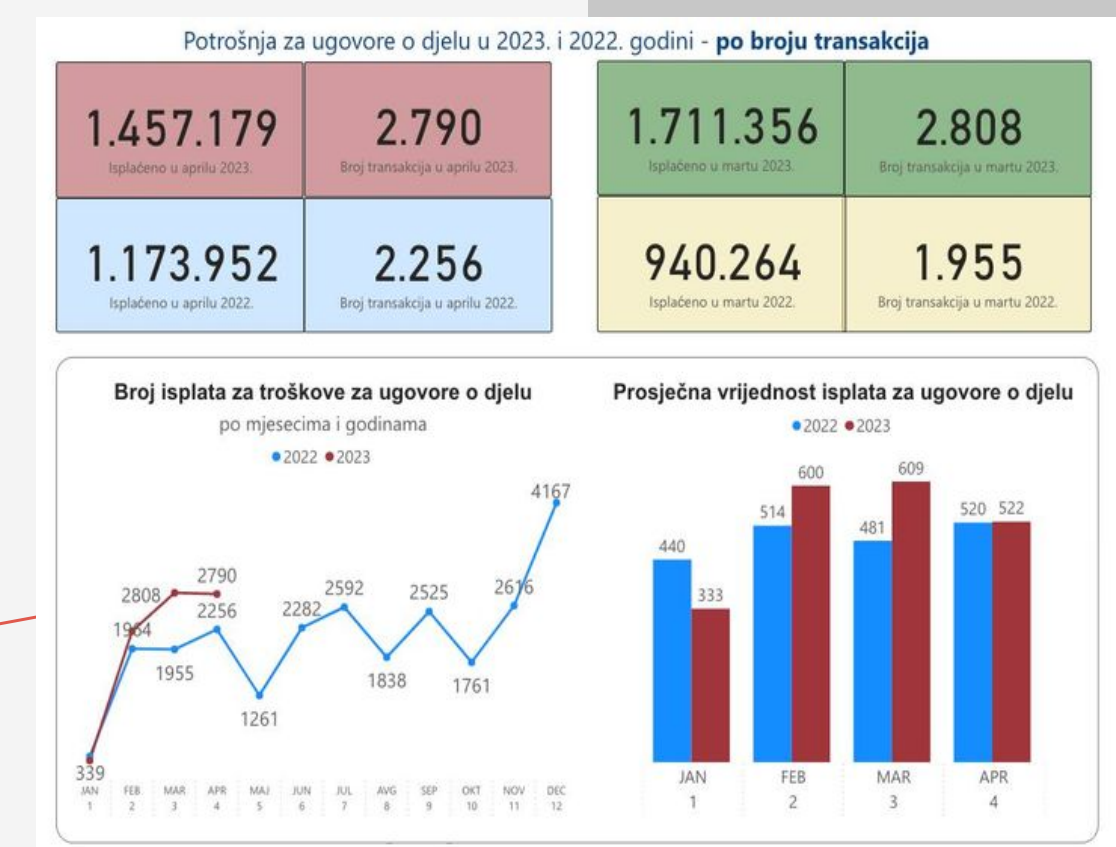
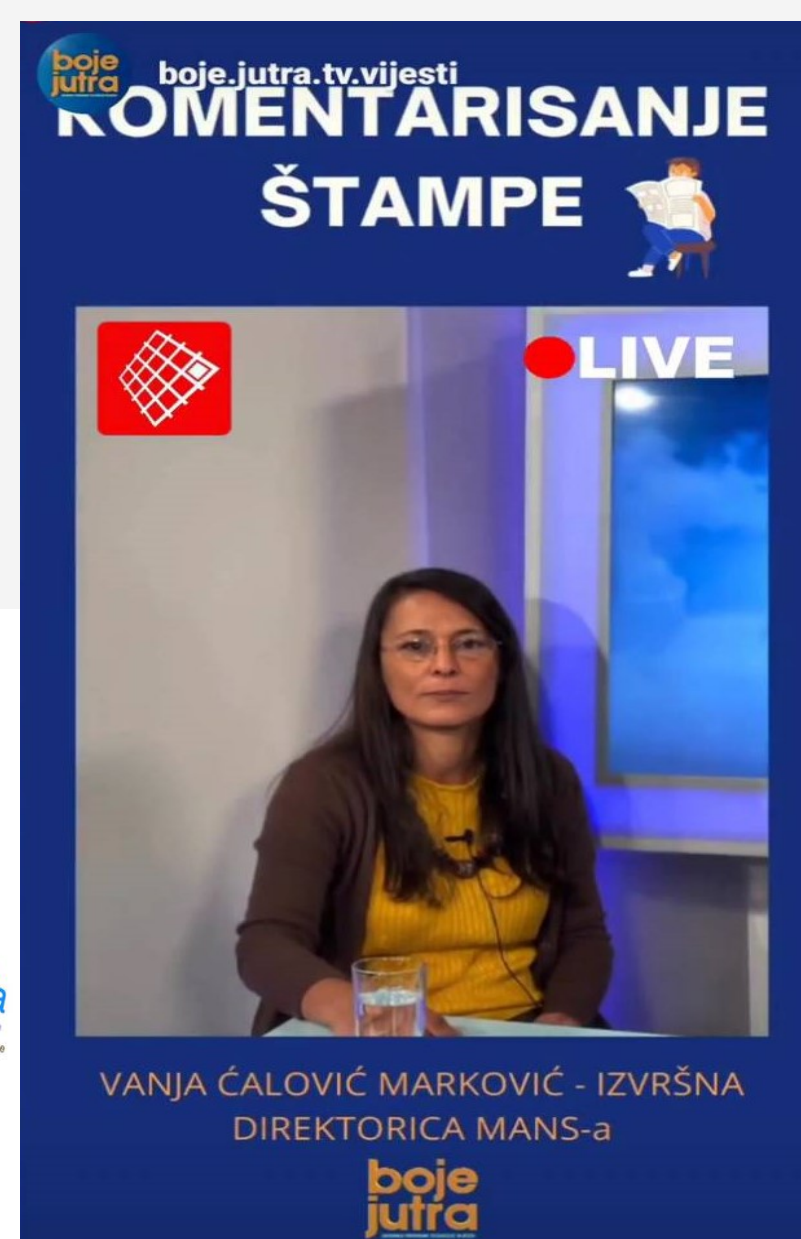
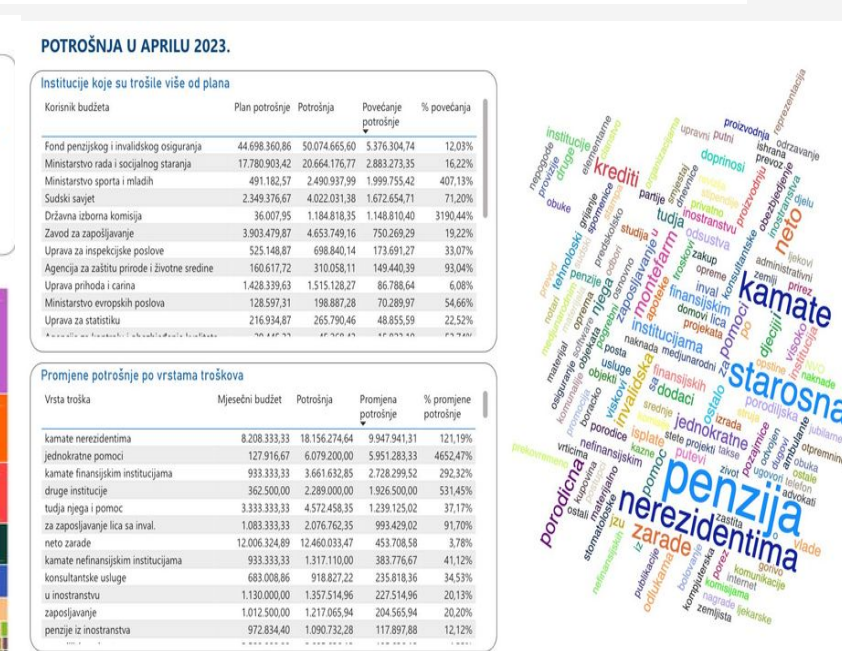
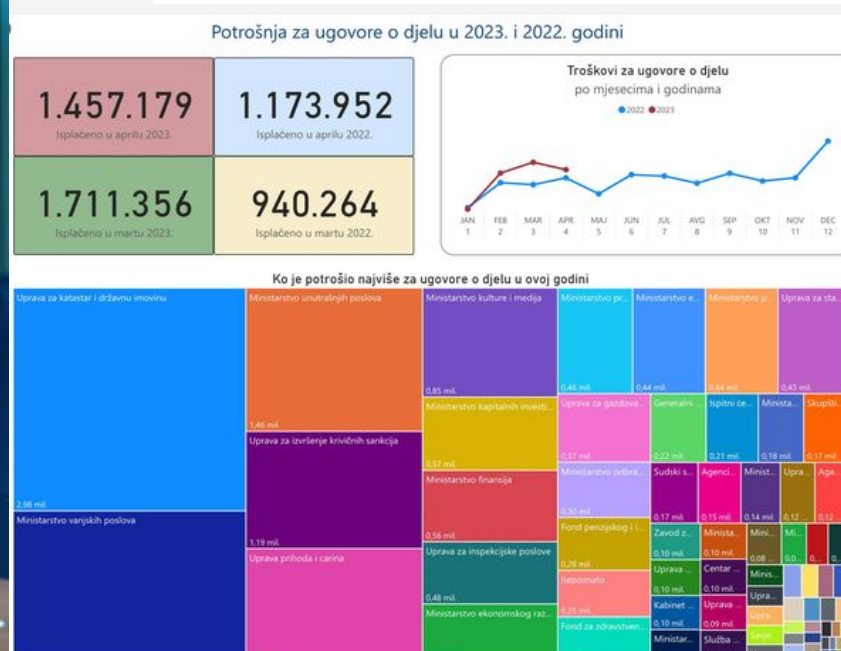


Potrošnja za ugovore o djelu u aprilu ove i prošle godine

Institucija	Isplati u martu 2022.	Isplati u martu 2023.	Povećanje u martu 2023.	Isplati u aprilu 2022.	Isplati u aprilu 2023.	Povećanje u aprilu 2023.
Uprava za održanje knjižnih sarajlija	43.735,59	81.873,89	38.138,30	0,00	119.474,11	119.474,11
Ministarstvo obrazovanja	47.948,48	110.252,24	62.303,76	115.931,01	389.242,76	273.311,75
Ministarstvo kulture i medija	0,00	120.975,59	120.975,59	0,00	73.069,49	73.069,49
Uprava za inspekciju poslova	17.318,04	33.983,56	16.665,52	38.614,02	95.867,35	57.253,33
Fond za zdravstveno osiguranje	16.020,69	23.384,34	7.363,65	1.714,11	48.214,45	46.500,34
Uprava priroda i zaštite	52.747,33	103.262,71	50.515,38	52.944,52	363.654,84	310.710,32
Ministarstvo rada i socijalnog stanja	0,00	45.053,36	45.053,36	0,00	21.107,18	21.107,18
Ministarstvo ekonomskog razvoja i turizma	47.103,64	57.854,55	10.750,91	41.446,75	62.264,47	20.817,72
Ministarstvo nauke i tehnološkog razvoja	0,00	8.910,29	8.910,29	0,00	19.302,37	19.302,37
Ministarstvo ljudskih i naprednih resursa	3.968,40	36.434,83	32.466,43	1.771,70	18.716,69	16.944,99
Ministarstvo odbrane	12.125,00	43.950,00	31.825,00	15.986,67	26.680,00	10.693,33
Ministarstvo javne uprave	7.582,51	28.565,07	20.982,56	6.163,30	15.962,94	9.799,64
Ministarstvo sporta i rekreacije	5.885,16	12.526,16	6.641,00	6.373,82	14.613,51	8.239,69
Uprava za bezbjednost hrane, veterinarstva i fitosanitarnih poslova	2.288,96	0,00	-2.288,96	1.882,20	9.342,71	7.460,51
Ministarstvo vanjskih poslova	128.944,27	157.187,52	28.243,25	128.953,96	184.249,49	55.295,53
Skupno	1.457.179	2.790	1.792.821	1.173.952	2.808	1.634.848



May in photos



In Montenegro, there is a legal framework that allows public administration to be open, but there is a lack of political will to improve and implement laws, according to Milena Muk, a public policy researcher at the Alternative Institute, and Dejan Milovac, director of the Research Center of the Network for the Affirmation of the Non-Governmental Sector in an interview with the MINA agency. From MANS it was pointed out that society expected that the new government would be interested in showing citizens how certain privatizations took place, how the highway was financed and a whole series of affairs that existed only in media headlines and could not be further investigated.

Action for Human Rights (HRA), the Network for the Affirmation of the Non-Governmental Sector (MANS) and the Association of Lawyers of Montenegro (UPCG) appeal to the existing "dissolved" convocation of the Parliament of Montenegro to suspend the adoption of new laws, in order to preserve constitutionality and legal certainty, because since the passing of the decree on the dissolution of the Assembly, it has had no legitimacy for almost two months, except for the performance of "current and urgent tasks". Also appeal to the Government of Montenegro, which lost confidence more than eight months ago, to suspend legislative initiatives.

Analysis of data on donations received by candidates during the previous presidential campaign revealed numerous suspicions of violations of the Law on Financing Political Parties and Election Campaigns, as well as the continuation of the passive attitude that the Agency for the Prevention of Corruption (APC) has towards the supervision of the implementation of this law. See more details on how election campaigns were financed:

- The campaign of presidential candidate **Andrija Mandić** was supported by two NGOs with 40 thousand euros;
- One of the donors to the campaign of the elected president **Jakov Milatović** received jobs from the state in the previous period;
- Presidential campaign of the DPS' candidate, **Milo Đukanović**, was once again financed by natural persons who received social assistance in the previous period.

In March and April of this year alone, the Government of Montenegro declared as many as 160 individual transactions secret, thus continuing the practice of concealing data on the state budget spending during election campaigns and opening up space for abuses. During those two months, as many as 84 transactions of the National Security Agency and 51 transactions of the Ministry of Defence were hidden from the public. MANS reminds that the concealment of data on the spending of state money, especially in the pre-election period, is a huge incentive for corruption and is a practice that, first of all, the parties that make up the executive power, must abandon without delay ahead of the upcoming extraordinary parliamentary elections.

During the pre-election campaign, in March and April 2023, the Commission for assessing the damage caused by natural disasters of the Government of Montenegro paid out over 800,000 Euros from the budget on the basis of fees, which is eight times more than in the same period last year. The allocation of funds for natural disasters is decided by a commission headed by Zoran Miljanić, Minister without Portfolio, in charge of the fight against corruption. The increase in these payments occurred at the end of last year, after the amendment of Democratic Montenegro banned all other types of payments to natural persons from the budget reserve.

The so-called short-term employment has been recognized in the previous period as one of the mechanisms for illegal influence on the free electoral will of citizens, and one of the key levers for influencing the election result used by the authorities before 2020.

The data on increased payments based on temporary employment contracts in the eve of the extraordinary parliamentary elections show that the old practice has not been completely abandoned, and that the mechanisms that were once criticized by the opposition are now being used unrestrainedly from the position of the government.

That in addition to the amount, the number of payments for temporary employment contracts also increased shows analysis of NGO MANS. During March and April this year, state institutions made as many as 5,600 individual payments based on temporary employment contracts, which is nearly 1,400 payments more compared to the same period last year when there were no elections. This data confirms suspicions that this is new employment and denies the claims of the Prime Minister that the increase in the amount of payments occurred only because individual amounts were increased.

You can find detailed data on the interactive graph at the following link: <https://www.mans.co.me/reagovanje-abazovic-pokusao-da-obmane-javnost-osim-iznosa-povecan-je-i-broj-isplata-po-ugovorima-o-djelu/>.

The Bureau of Social Research - BIRODI conducted monitoring of media service providers' reports in Serbia about the presidential elections in Montenegro, which were held on March 19, 2023 (first round) and April 2 (second round). Complete the monitoring of reporting by media service providers under the jurisdiction of the Regulatory Body for Electronic Media from Serbia during the presidential election campaign in Montenegro as well as analysis of covert advertising of electoral candidates you can see at the link below: <https://www.mans.co.me/izvestaj-o-izvestavanju-pruzalavaca-medijskih-usluga-pmu-u-nadleznosti-regulatornog-tela-za-elektronske-medije-rem-iz-srbije-tokom-kampanje-za-predsednicke-izbore-u-crnoj-gori-2023-godine/>.

What did the analysis of budget spending in the pre-election campaign show? About the misuse of state resources during the election campaign and the results in the fight against corruption and organized crime - see the guest appearance of the executive director of MANS in the morning program RTCG - Good morning Montenegro, which is available in its entirety at: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lp3AV3cN-8Q>.

May, 2023.

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